

Sales at Vendue.
On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD
At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water streets.
A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day—All kinds of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. M.
ROSE HILL FOR SALE.

This healthy, beautiful, and well improved SEAT is now offered for sale. It contains 400 acres, 150 of which are in wood. No land is better adapted to the use of Plaster of Paris, and there is some very valuable meadow land upon it.

For terms apply to W. H. Foots, esq. upon the premises, or to the subscriber in Charles county, Maryland.

Benjamin Dulany, jun.

September 14.

Intending to remove to the town of Alexandria I wish to sell a lease of 3 years of *Sebastian Spring Tavern*, with 15 acres thereto belonging. Any person inclined to purchase will meet with a bargain, and may be supplied with a number of articles suitable to Tavern keeping.

A. LINDO.

January 23.

LANDING.

From *sloop Ranger*, capt. Campbell, from Newburyport, and for sale by

Lawson & Fowle,

60 Barrels N. E. Rum,
7 Hhds } Muscovado Sugar,
8 Barls }
10 Hhds. New Orleans Molasses, of a superior quality,
30 Boxes Mould Candles,
4 quadtys of Grass Rope.

February 30.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

THE subscriber wishing to remove to the western country, will sell the FARM on which he resides in Fairfax county, 11 miles from Alexandria, 9 from George Town ferry, and about the same from the Potomac bridge crossing to the city of Washington—in a healthy, agreeable neighborhood, containing about 470 acres, on which is a convenient dwelling house, large enough for a genteel family, together with all the outhouses suitable, all new or nearly so; an orchard of apple trees of selected fruit, together with different other fruit trees, a proportion of improved meadow for the scythe, and a large portion more may easily be made. Any person inclined to purchase may know the terms by application to Mr. JOHN DULAN, adjoining the said farm, or the subscriber on the premises.

E. Dulin.

June 2.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

A three story BRICK WAREHOUSE at the corner of Union and Prince streets; 28 feet front upon Prince, and 44 feet 4 inches front upon Union-street. Occupied by Jonathan and David Ross.

A HOUSE and LOT occupied by Jacob Leap; this Lot fronts 34 feet inches on Union-street, and 97 feet 8 inches on a 20 feet alley; it will be sold altogether or divided as may best suit purchasers.

A vacant LOT binding on Duke, Patrick, and Wolf-streets, being four-fourth of a square.

For terms apply to

John Janney.

1 mo. 10.

Just Received, AND FOR SALE BY

CHARLES I. CATLETT,

75 chests Imperial, Hyson, & Young Hyson Teas.

30,000 lbs. prime Green Coffee.

30 pipes and 8 quarter casks Lisbon and Teneriffe Wine.

8 hogheads Muscovado Sugar.

2000 lbs. Seine Twine.

50 boxes Mould Candles.

50 do. Spanish Segars.

8 barrels Pimento.

October 16.

Joseph H. Mandeville,
Offers for sale the following articles, wholesale or retail.

3000 bush. Lisbon and Liverpool Salt
30000 lbs Green Coffee, in barrels and bags
5000 Goshen Cheese, of excellent quality in casks
1000 New England do. do.
200 bbls. of Herrings, Shad and Mackare
50 tons Plaster Paris
20 baies prime Upland Georgia Cotton.
10 hhd. Jamaica, Antigua and Demarara Rum
4 pipes French and ditto Brandy
15 hhd. Muscovado Sugar
50 bbls. do. do. different qualities
3 hhd. Copperas

Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, and Hyson Skin, Madeira, Lisbon, Claret, and Catalonia

TEAS.

WINES.

Holland and Country Gin
New England Rum in hhd. and bbls.
Poach and Apple Brandy in bbls.
Martinique Cordials, in boxes
Loaf and Lump Sugar, Savannah Hon per gallon, Figblue,
Molasses in hhd. Spanish Flotant Indigo,
Spanish Cigars, Butter,
Harris's and Taylor's manufactured Tobacco in kegs,
Gunpowder and Shot of different sizes,
Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Pepper, Pimento,
Chocolate Nos. 1 and 3, Mould and Dipt Candles,
Malaga Raisins in boxes,
Pipes in boxes, 3 gross each,
Hingham box's, H-milton's Garrett's and Leiper's Snuff in bottles,
London and Philadelphia Mustard,
Writing and Wrapping Paper,
Bed Cords, Leading Lines, &c.

Also,
A constant supply of WATER CRACKERS and best SUPERFINE FLOUR, by retail, and 30 hhd. of Maryland and Virginia Tobacco.

Public Sale.

UNDER the authority of a deed of trust from *Samuel Bailey* to us, for the purpose of securing the payment of certain debts to *William Wilson*, surviving administrator of *Cumberland Wilson*, deceased, and to *Benjamin Butts*, we will offer at public sale, for cash, on the 19th day of March next, at the front door of the court house, in Fairfax county, a TRACT OF LAND, in the said county, described in the deed as situated on Occoquan Creek, adjoining to the town of Colchester, and devised to the said *Samuel Bailey* by his father *William Bailey*—supposed to contain four hundred acres.

Thomas Harrison, jun.

R. I. Taylor.

December 8.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber, after a lapse of time necessarily consumed in the preparation of his house, respectfully announces to the citizens of Alexandria, as well as the community at large, that he has taken for a term of years that noted and eligible establishment known by the name of the CITY HOTEL, and once occupied by Mr. Gidway, whose distinguished abilities as a Publican gave it an éclat which the subscriber hopes to preserve by his unremitting exertions in affording to all those who may confer on him the favor of their patronage, genteel and comfortable accommodations. The subscriber deems it unnecessary to indicate the multiplicity of conveniences attached to the City Hotel, and will only submit a description to that portion of travellers who have so generally attested its numerous advantages.

James Brook.

February 20.

Charles Slade & Thos. Grimshaw,

HAVING entered into partnership in the ROPE-MAKING BUSINESS, offer for sale, at their store on Merchants' wharf, a general assortment of CORDAGE and SHIP-CHANDLERY, at which place, or at their rope-walk, they will receive orders for any description of Cordage warranted to be made out of the best materials and manufactured in such a manner as will bear the inspection of the best judges.

For N. B. A liberal price will be always given for HEMP of the best quality.

November 24.

For Sale, Freight or Charter,

The BRIG

PRESAGE,

Well found and nearly new, burthen 1300 barrels, laying at M-Clean's wharf. For terms apply to

Tenny & Ober, or Daniel M-Clean.

Landing from the above vessel, and for sale, 13 hhd. COFFEE; 40 bags COCOA, and 3 puncheons RUM.

Tenny & Ober.

January 12.

For Sale Freight or Charter,

The Brigantine

GRAND TURK;

Burthen 123 Tons, Nicholas Hopkins master.

ALSO FOR SALE, THE CARGO OF SAID BRIG, CONSISTING OF 3500 bushels LISBON SALT, 100 boxes LEMONS.

John G. Ladd.

February 26.

A NEW NOVEL.

Just Published, and for Sale by COTTON & STEWART; Prior 1 Dollar, **GLENCARN;**

OR THE DISAPPOINTMENTS OF YOUTH, A NOVEL.

By GEORGE WATTERSTON, Esq. OF WASHINGTON CITY,

Author of the *Lawyer and Child of Feeling*.

The celebrity of this author's "LAWYER," and "CHILD OF FEELING" induced the publishers to engage in this work, and without detracting from the merits of the former, feel themselves justified in stating that his GLENCARN is superior to either. It is submitted without further recommendation, with a wish, that the American reviewers may give further encouragement to this young gentleman's endeavors to entertain instruct and moralize his fellow citizens, in a way seemingly well calculated to attract their attention.

Feb 6.

Orphan's Court,

Alexandria County, Feb. Term, 1810.

Ordered, That the executors of OWEN F. MAGRATH, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times in each week for four weeks, in the Alexandria Daily Gazette.

Teste.

Alex. Moore, Register.

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscribers of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, have obtained from the Orphan's Court of said county, let ters testamentary on the estate of OWEN F. MAGRATH, late of the county aforesaid dec'd, all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers on or before the 14th day of Aug. next or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate, and those indebted there to are required to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 14th day of February, 1810.

Wm. Herbert, N. Fitzhugh, Hugh Smith.

Feb. 15

Ex'ts.

FOR SALE,

A likely NEGRO WOMAN, about 25 years of age, who is a good nurse, washer-woman and house servant—Also, a strong well built COACHEE, almost as good as new. For terms enquire of the Printer.

February 27.

Union College Lottery.

No. 2.

TICKETS will advance on the first of March next to \$ dollars 50 cents. Present price \$ dollars.

FOR SALE BY

R. Gray.

February 12.

COTTON.



86 BALES COTTON,

ARE received by the subscriber, of the usual excellent quality.

E. Gilman.

Feb. 26.

Just Received

And for sale by James Kennedy, sen. Bookseller, King street.

Gentlemen and Lady's Pocket Almanacs, in plain and Morocco bindings, for the year 1810.

AND

Johnson's Virginia and Farmer's Almanacs for do. containing a variety of useful and entertaining matter—by the dozen or otherwise.

ALSO.

Dr. Hooper's Physicians Vademecum—just published—a very useful Manual for young gentlemen of the faculty. Price 112 cents.

Dr. Rees's Medical Guide.

Pennington's Memoirs of Mrs. Eliza Carter.

Blair's Lectures on Rhetorick and the Belles Lettres.

Adams's Roman Antiquities.

Complete Farrier (new edition.)

Misses' Magazine—2 vols.

Porteu's Lectures on St. Matthew.

Dr. Newcome's Harmony of the Evangelists.

Mrs. West's Letters to a Young Man.

Cowper's Poems and Task—several elegant miniature editions.

Mediator's Kingdom, not of this World, 7 and half cents.

December 7.

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ROBERT GRAY,

BOOK-SELLER, KING-STREET, Has lately received for sale the following articles:

Talleyrand's Memoir concerning the commercial relations of the United States with England.

Zollkoffer's Sermons on Education.

Remarks on Adams' Review of Ames' works.

Mrs. Chapone's works.

Macknight on the Epistles, vol. 1st, to be comprised in 6 vols. octavo—price to subscribers 2 dolls. 50 cts in boards.

Guthrie's Geographical, Historical and Commercial Grammar, improved, 2 vols. octavo.

The works of President Edwards, 6 vols. octavo.

The works of Dr. Rush, 4 vols. octavo.

Answoth's Latin Dictionary.

Brooke's Gazetteer.

Hutchinson's Xenophon.

Gilson's and Jesse's Surveying.

Murphy's Lucian.

Barlow's Columbiad, 3 vols. 12mo.

American Register, vol. 5th.

Dr. Ramsay's History of South Carolina, 2 vols. octavo, boards—price 5 dolls. 50 cts.

Subscriptions received by R. Gray for the Monthly Anthology, Macknight on the Epistles, and a new American Dispensatory, all new publishing by subscription in Boston.

February 27.

Public Sale.

THE subscriber, by virtue of a deed of trust to him from Mr. William Hodgson, dated on the 10th day of November, in the year 1806, for the purpose of indemnifying Mr. John Hopkins—will, on FRIDAY, the 26th April next, at the hour of twelve o'clock of that day, if fair; if not, on the next fair day at the same hour, proceed to sell, at the court-house, in Alexandria, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for ready money three thousand acres of LAND, situate on the left fork of Big Sandy Creek, which land was, at the time of the grant for the same, in the county of Monongalia, in the state of Virginia.

The above tracts of land were granted by the state of Virginia, to John Allison by three several patents containing respectively one thousand acres and bearing date on the 1st day of October, 1766, which land has been since duly conveyed to the said William Hodgson by deed dated 2d of August, 1796.

Edmund J. Lee, Trustee.

Nov. 27.

ALEXANDRIA DAILY GAZETTE, COMMERCIAL & POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette, 6 dollars per annum.
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

THURSDAY, MARCH 1.

From the Philadelphia Gazette.

Although we were not authorised to affix to the following letter the name of the respectable gentleman who communicates it, the tenor of its contents is conclusive proof of its authenticity, and points directly to the source from whence it is derived:—

MR. RELF,

This day I rejoice for the first time to be in a country where I can freely express those sentiments of patriotism I uttered in the presence of several members of Congress and the President of the U. States himself, during my short residence in Washington—these will serve at the same time to elucidate the supposed or mutilated letter under date of the 18th Jan. which you have copied in your Gazette from the Raleigh Minerva.

In the first instance it asserts, that on the preceding day a gentleman had arrived at Washington from Mexico, and had been introduced to the President, and concludes that he was believed to be an agent from that country to this government, relative to its independence. Had I arrived and been introduced to the President on the 17th, as that letter supposes, there might be some foundations for this suspicion; but the fact is I arrived on the 12th, and with only one letter of recommendation to Mr. Taylor, a member of Congress, in which he was informed who I was, and that the object of my journey was merely to travel and visit the United States: my presentation as well to the president as to other gentlemen was not through the medium of Mr. Taylor, but by other persons whom I accidentally became acquainted with. In the public drawing room filled with ladies and other visitors, and therefore no place to enter into conversation on matters of such importance, I addressed myself to no person in particular, but on the contrary entered as well as I could into the general conversation; besides, it is above a twelve month since I left Mexico, and certainly it is not to be supposed that an agent or envoy on such an important mission would have been so slow in his motions.

I presume, Mr. Relf, that from this exposition of the errors contained in said letter, you will conceive the whole of it entitled to little credit. It is, however, nevertheless true, that I said (speaking not only of Mexico in particular, but generally of all the colonies of Spain in America) that in case Old Spain should succumb under the tyranny of Napoleon, which in my opinion will never take place, they would declare themselves independent, as they detested the French from the moment they heard of the usurpation and treachery they practised against the mother country; and that they never would become subjects either of England or any other power whatever, as they had clearly proved on many occasions, although they wished to preserve the friendship of such nations as were deserving of it by their conduct towards them. I also added that they were suspicious of this government from their hostile appearance for about 18 months past, as well in New-Orleans as to the westward of the Mississippi. Knowing that in these states, which call themselves United, there exists two parties in opposition to each other, under the denomination of Democrats and Federalists, I was not the least surprised at the troublesome questions made me, I suppose with a view of learning my real sentiment, or of making a proselyte of me; but it will be seen by my answer that I am a Spanish Patriot, no party man, and incapable of being corrupted.

One person said to me:—By this time Spain exists no longer: Bonaparte, no doubt, is master of the whole country, and the nation, well aware of this event, has taken refuge in Cadiz. To this I answered that more than a month had elapsed since I had conversed with Spaniards, and that I had not seen any letters from Cadiz of a later date than 3 months back, and as I knew nothing of the situation of Spain, I observed to them I had not noticed any emigration of Spaniards from Spain to other American colonies; and that I had not seen any letters from them.

And finally with them I said that as I had observed that it was nearly the letters of strangers or foreigners, which instigate a fear of the usurpation of French usurpation; I also said, that I very much doubted Napoleon would ever be king of Spain, but even allowing it for supposition sake as he is, I was sure he never would be emperor of the Spaniards; but if his perditionary aggression has cost him more time and men than his conquests in all continental Europe, besides, he might well prepare 200,000 French victims more by way of an Holocaust at his coronation; as he will only find in the bosom of every Spaniard an avenging dagger for his treachery, which will descend engraved on their hearts, from father to son, to the latest posterity. I concluded observing that Cadiz was a very small island, and therefore not capable of affording an asylum to many, or of containing much provisions, and that therefore the rumour that all Spain had taken refuge in that city, was as ridiculous as it was improbable. The fact is, I have just seen very recent dates from thence, when no such fears were entertained.

Another person asked me—Why Mexico did not declare herself independent without waiting the downfall of Spain? offering me at the same time, the Constitution of this country, and Paine's Rights of Man, requesting from me the names of such Mexicans with whom I thought he might enter into a correspondence.

I must acknowledge that this proposition appeared to me as strange, as I thought it in contradiction to the laws of neutrality, and good understanding which this government affects to maintain during the present state of affairs, and a breach of friendship towards a neighbor, from which they have received such repeated proofs of friendship. Nevertheless, I answered, that Mexico was proud of the name she bore of New-Spain, as the daughter of her European mother, that she would never lose it even if she were obliged to assert those rights which both her wealth and population insured her, should the government of the parent country be dissolved, the love of which would be handed down by them to the latest posterity as well as the sentiments of eternal vengeance against her destroyer and those who took his part and that Mexico would only declare herself independent when Old Spain ceased to exist. I refused to give the names of the principal in that capital, assuring them that all persons in that country were acquainted with their rights both natural and civil, without the necessity of recurring to those of Tom Paine, which had been publicly burnt in principal square of Mexico by the hands of the hangman.

Others spoke to me of revolutions in the Spanish colonies, and mentioned Liniers, Quito, Mexico and Miranda. Of Liniers I observed that his very despatches to court, his capitulations, and in one word all his actions had been impolitic and proved him little versed in military arms; that he was detested by the people who at first followed him, supposing him to be a man of great talents and good principles. Respecting Quito, I shewed that the popular commotions was owing to personal complaint, and not at all in opposition to the interest of the Bourbon family. In regard to Mexico I observed that the only disturbance which ever took place there, was owing to a mistake on the part of the audience in respect to the vice-roy, whom they supposed wished to get himself crowned. And in regard to Miranda, (son of a baker at Carracas) I observed, that no nation had ever reaped any advantage from his pompous plans or offers of services—witness Russia, France, England, and the United States, which latter country still felt the effects of his piratical expedition, undertaken from one of these ports against his own country in friendship with the United States.

Somebody then mentioned in the presence of the President, (no doubt forgetting that he was the chief magistrate of this nation in amity with Spain) that a confederation might be formed of all America; establishing a General Congress in certain point. Out of politeness I noticed the observation, (although it appeared to me strange, indecorous, and not at all comporting with the dignity of the high character present, or with the neutrality of the country), shewing the impossibility of governing so many distinct provinces, so distant from each other, by the same laws from one point.

Yours, &c

PRINTING in all its various branches, handsomely executed with accuracy and dispatch.

FOREIGN.

By the Fawn, from St. Sebastians, arrived at Baltimore.

GRECIAN ISLANDS.

Corfu, October 15.

The English are about to menace our islands. The following proclamation has been published. All the citizens have flown to arms:

In the name of the Emperor of the French, King of Italy, and Protector of the Confederation of the Rhine.

"The enemies of the human race, the English—whose ambition has for twenty years kept Europe plunged in all the horrors of war, are now turning their arms against you. After having for two years confined their efforts to the seizure of a few ships, and the pillaging of seamen and passengers, like pirates, they have the audacity to approach their shores. What do these enemies of all nations want? Do they come as generous conquerors to bring you good laws, a wise administration, to check the vices and the crimes which have for so long a time polluted your happy country; to destroy the spirit of party among you—to prevent one class being oppressed by another; to render all the citizens equal in the eye of the law? No; all these benefits which you have begun to experience under the government of Napoleon, the protector of your religion, who is preparing for you still greater blessings, they are coming to take away from you. To that amity, which, with perfidious hand they offer you, are attached the venality of tribunals the abuse of public power; assassinations and intestine divisions; the despotism of a few, and the oppressions of the greater number—with all the evils which have only ceased to afflict you for the last two years. But what does it signify to them whether you are happy or miserable?

Are they concerned about your fate? To turn towards other countries the storm which is about to fall upon themselves—to retard their own inevitable destruction by that of all the kings and all the nations they can seduce—this is the whole of the object which they have in view. But listen to the following terrible lesson, and experience: They seduced the king of Sardinia, and that sovereign has been erased from the list of European powers. They seduced the king of Prussia, and he has lost half his dominions. They seduced the emperor of Germany, who is about to lose a considerable portion of those which remained to him. They seduced the nobles and the monks of Spain, and in a short time these nobles and monks will be no more. And in this manner, according to the decree pronounced by Napoleon, will perish all the blind partisans of a nation which Europe has proscribed.

"Inhabitants of the Ionian Islands! recollect what were your sufferings a few years ago, when the same power which at present governs you ceased to rule over you—and in them behold the sufferings to which the English wish again to subject you. Think of the fate of so many kings and so many nations whom they deceived—and there see the fate which they are preparing for you. Oh! drive far from your shores those enemies of the human race, & of our religion, whom France, Russia, Denmark, Prussia, Spain, Italy, all the powers and all the countries with which you are connected by commercial intercourse, have driven from their ports. The names of those who will, in this instance, signalize their fidelity and their attachment shall be inserted in a list and presented to the great Napoleon, who rewards those virtues with so much magnificence. The names of cowards and traitors shall also be inserted in a list, and they shall be devoted to rigorous chastisement and eternal infamy.

"Be calm and confident in the measures that have been taken to secure for you the necessary supplies. Every thing has been provided for your safety. Our enemies are powerful only by intrigue and corruption. You are defended by a brave army, commanded by a skillful general. If you resist the seductions of our enemies, you have no other danger to fear.

"JULIAN BRESIERES."

"Corfu, Oct. 14, 1809."
[It will be recollected, that we have given an account of the capture of these islands by the British.]

NEW-YORK, February 24.

From a gentleman who arrived here in a British sloop some days since from Bermuda, in distress, we learn, that the ship Pamphlet, Portridge, from Virginia for Lisbon; the ship Triton, Henderson, from

New York for Fayal; and the pilot boat schr. Savage, Paul, from New York for St. Bartholomew, were all carried into Bermuda by the sloop of war Halifax, capt. Fraser. We further learn that admiral Warren, who was at Bermuda, severely reprimanded the young man who commanded the Halifax sloop of war, and ordered the above ships to be released. The only excuse capt. Fraser made, was, that he expected there would be a war between the United States and Great Britain. An American brig had also put into Bermuda, and was condemned as unseaworthy. The cargo of the brig was put on board an English vessel, and sent to Liverpool.

The pilot boat Savage was still detained, on suspicion that she was bound to Guadaloupe, as she had no cargo on board. Such is our information.

NEW-ORLEANS, Jan. 24.

Yesterday arrived gun vessel no. 65, from Jamaica, via Havana. We are indebted to Captain Carter for the following communication:

On the arrival of gun vessel no. 65, at Port Royal, Brown was at Kingston. He had deposited about 60,000 dollars in gold in the hands of Messrs. Dicks, Orr and Clark. The vessel arrived late in the evening, and early next morning he applied to those gentlemen and obtained bills drawn by them in their own favor and blank endorsed by them on David Dicks, Esquire, Church street, London, for the amount.—On application to the Duke of Manchester for the arrest and delivery of Brown, he stated the case to be "one in which he did not think he could interfere with propriety."

A warrant was obtained from the mayor to apprehend and bring Brown before him; but was not of authority sufficient to search for him, nor could one of that description be obtained. The bills are advertised and information has been transmitted to our minister at the court of St. James, to endeavor to stop the payment of them. In this our agent at Jamaica seems inclined to believe he will succeed. A few days before the departure of 65 from Jamaica, Brown sent word to the commercial agent of the United States that he should prosecute him for detaining his character by the advertisement he inserted in the newspaper.

Messrs. Dicks, Orr and Clark, a house of great respectability in Jamaica, seem anxious to do every thing to stop the payment of the bills, in order that he may be able to refund the money now in their hands.

The commander of the felucca, Watson, claimed protection as a British subject. He was taken before the assistant judge of the Supreme court, and tried. The judge, John Jacques esq. after hearing the cause of his detention, ordered the marshal on the back of the writ of habas corpus to remand him.—The officer who had charge of him could not immediately convey him on board, because he had to attend an election. He confined him in prison, and Watson attempted to escape. He then put him in the stocks. Unfortunately judge Jacques, a candidate for the assembly, and the adverse party seized the opportunity of exciting the clamor of the mob, by representing a British subject confined to be sent for trial to a foreign government. This placed the judge in a similar dilemma. He must either release Watson or lose his election—he chose the former.

A villain named Allen Kennedy, who owned the felucca previous to her arrest by this vessel, has received from Brown about 2700 pounds sterling, which he says is to indemnify him for the vessel and cargo; yet it is pretty well known the latter did not belong to him.

He told me that Brown was at a private boarding house in the West end of the town; but he would not inform me what house, and added, that as they were countrymen he would not inform against him. This fellow offered the bills after they were advertised at a discount to the drawers, which was rejected with indignation.

No doubt Brown was in Jamaica when I sailed.

WM. CARTER, Junr.
Commanding Gun Vessel No. 65.

Now Landing

From sloop Mechanic, Captain Smith, and for sale by
Faxon, Metcalf & Co.

75 tons Plaster Paris
25 boxes Mould Candles
25 do. Dip. Do.
30 barrels N. E. Rum
14 barrels No. 1 Beer
10 chests Young Hyson Tea

ALSO ON HAND

1000 reams Writing and Wrapping Paper, and a general assortment Stationery.

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Alexandria Daily Gazette.

THURSDAY, MARCH 1.

No person who has ever seen the new Senate Chamber could have failed to admire the snug manner in which Mr. Latrobe has contrived to accommodate the sovereign people. The exalted height of the gallery is well calculated to inspire the most refined ideas of the sublime and awful. Mrs. Radcliffe might be very safely fixed in that delightful retreat, and, while the august body below, were quietly pursuing their affairs, she could enjoy undisturbed, the most enchanting reveries of the gloomy horrors of some gothic castle; and the circumstance of there being no railing on the stairway, is of that fearful nature to tune her mind for the enjoyment of her favorite contemplations.—Dr. Franklin, who was so fond of walking up and down stairs as an exercise, would, if at Washington, have a fine opportunity of gratifying his taste in that particular—provided he had the good luck to find the entrance door;—for that man must be in a woful condition indeed, who would not be thrown into a perspiration by a couple of visits to the ingenious contrivance, which we have, with the most sincere satisfaction, undertaken to extol. We have little doubt but that in future, the first question which a stranger will have to answer on his return from Washington, will be "Were you ever in the Senate Gallery?"

Extract of a letter from the Cape of Good Hope, dated Dec. 2, 1809, received at Philadelphia.

"The Isle of France has been vigorously blockaded for some time by the British, who have a squadron of 10 ships off the island, and two ships on the coast of Madagascar.

"On the 20th Sept. the squadron went into St. Paul's Bay, Island of Bourbon, landed, and by surprise, took possession of the town. They captured the Caroline, French frigate, and retook the Europea and Strathan East India-men, which had been taken by that frigate some time since—they kept possession of the place about 10 days, and brought off the frigate, the two Indiamen, and 3 other vessels, with a quantity of indigo, silks, &c. and burnt the public stores with a large quantity of indigo, coffee, &c. left in them. While the squadron were at Bourbon, three American vessels got into the Isle of France.

"There is no trade at Madagascar, the coast has been so closely watched, that they had no communication with either Bourbon or Isle of France for some months. On the 16th of October an embargo was laid in consequence of the disturbances in India, and several transports were taken up to carry troops to India: but by recent advices, that matters were settled—again the expedition has been given up and the embargo taken off. It is intended to make an attack on the Isle of France, as soon as the hurricane months are over, by troops from this place or India; for which purpose the British have taken possession of the small island of Rodrique.

"Markets dull—provisions and naval stores plenty."

A wonderful change!—A number of the democratic members of the legislature of Massachusetts have joined the federal party, to the number it is believed of 37! The Sun of federalism is indeed rising with splendor.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

The particular attention of the legislature has, for a few days past, been occupied in the discussion of the principles of the report on our national difficulties, submitted to their consideration on Thursday the 15th inst. This subject was debated

at considerable length, and terminated on Friday, and finally decided at midnight, in favor of the resolutions, by the unexpected majority of ONE HUNDRED AND NINE. We are precluded, for want of room, from inserting the yeas and nays on this highly interesting question, but the decision avinces very clearly, that the arguments of the federalists, who portrayed the lamentable picture of our country's danger, in the most vivid colors, had a powerful influence upon the minds of some of the Republicans. By uniting with the federalists, in order to avert, if it is not yet too late, a war with G. Britain, they deserve not only the thanks and applauses of their constituents, but the approbation of the whole nation.—The federal speakers were Messrs. Maltby, Bigelow, Cutler, (of N. Yarmouth) Jackson, Dana, Dutton, Whitman, Sumner, Bates and Sullivan. The democratic speakers were Messrs. Sprague (of Salem) Moffit, (of W. Stockbridge) Rev. Mr. Foster, (of Littleton) Rev. Mr. Stevens, (of Stoneham) Dunn, Foxcroft, Moreton, Moody, Martin, &c. We shall offer no comment upon the relative merits of these gentlemen; we are willing to test the respective abilities of the parties, by the result of the debate—a federal majority of 109!

YEAS	254
NAYS	145

Majority 109.

Congress of the United States.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, February 27.

[Taken for the Alexandria Gazette.]

The following gentlemen compose the committee to whom the amendments of the senate to Mr. Macon's bill, with whom the amendments offered by Mr. Eppes were yesterday referred.

Messrs. Eppes, Whitehill, Montgomery, Mumford, Dana, Desha, Cutts, Wian, and W. Alston.

Mr. Ghelson from the committee to whom was referred the petition of Amy Darden, praying compensation for a horse taken from her husband during the revolutionary war, reported favorably to her claim. Referred to a committee of the whole house on Tuesday next.

Mr. Rhea from the committee on Post Offices and Post roads, reported a bill regulating the Post Office establishment.—Referred to a committee of the whole on Monday next.

The Speaker laid before the house a report of the Secretary of War on the petition of Col. Williams, claiming reimbursement of money by him expended in the public service.

The report and documents were referred to a committee of the whole house for Friday next.

A report of the secretary of war on the situation of the public armory and manufactory of arms, at Springfield (Mass.) was read.

Mr. Newton, from the committee of commerce and manufactures, reported a bill for the relief of the collectors of Philadelphia and Norfolk. Read twice and referred to a committee of the whole house on Friday next.

Mr. Gardener asked and obtained leave of absence for the remainder of the session.

Mr. Livermore after some preliminary observations offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to cause to be laid before the house such information as he can communicate, which does not require secrecy, of the appointment of an ambassador or other public minister, by the the government of Spain, or the supreme central junta exercising the government in behalf of the people of Spain, since the detention of their King in France or the application of any person to be received by the President and accredited as a public minister under such authority.—And of any measures taken or proposed on the part of Spain, since the purchase of

Louisiana by the U. S. Government, and making information for the citizens against that government for spoliation committed on the high seas. And also for settling the boundaries between the territories of the U. States and the Spanish territories. And any official information which may have been received from Charles the 4th, king of Spain, of his having abdicated the government in favor of Ferdinand the 7th, and of his acceptance thereof. And generally such information as may enable Congress to form a correct idea of the relative situation of the people of the U. S. with the Spanish people and government.

On the question to consider the resolution at this time it was negatived.

The house then resolved itself into committee of the whole on the several resolutions relative to the Baiture at New Orleans. Mr. Macon in the chair.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 27.

Arrived, ship Fame, Gardner, 43 days from Lisbon. Left there 12th Jan. ship Diana of Alexandria just arrived; Thomas, Harper of do. discharging. The ship Thomyris for Alexandria sailed ten days before. Feb. 9, in lat. 25, long. 61, 4, was boarded from the Swiftsure, British 74, the Caliban and Martin in company, in search of a French squadron.

FROM LISBON.—By the Fame from Lisbon the editors of the Federal Republic can have received Lisbon papers to 8th Jan. and a London paper of 19th Dec. 30,000 French conscripts had passed into Spain.—Joseph Bonaparte had marched for the northern frontier with 18,000 men. A patriot army of 72,000 men were on their march to relieve Gerona, in which quarter the utmost enthusiasm prevailed among the Spaniards. The French had not advanced to Ciudad Rodrigo; In addition to the taxes on the rich the French had appropriated the church plate to pay their army. Fresh cavalry and artillery had recently arrived from England, and were marching to join the British army in Portugal. Flour at Lisbon nine dollars, dull.

The December storms had done considerable damage along the English coast, particularly at Yarmouth. A frigate arrived in England with a million of dollars from Vera Cruz. Sir R. G. Keates is appointed Governor of Malta. London Corn Exchange, Dec. 19, Fine Flour 90 a 98 per sack; wheat fine 98 a 104, superfine 106 a 110.

SHIP NEWS.

Port of Alexandria.

ARRIVED,

Brig Grand Turk, Hopkins, Lisbon, salt and lemons, to John G. Ladd. Brig George Washington, Sheldon, Providence, via Norfolk, northern produce, to the master.

Schooner Charles, M'Lullen, Norfolk, sundries, the master.

Sloop Mechanic, Smith, Boston, northern produce, to Faxon, Metcalf & Co.

Sloop Montezuma, Palmer, Norfolk, sundries, different merchants.

CLEARED.

Schooner Nerio, Hunt, Norfolk, J. M. Pherson & Son.

Sloop Harmony, Ellwood, Philadelphia, by the master.

Sloop Chancellor, Storck, New-York, J. & T. Vowell.

WM. HARPER, Jr.

APOTHECARY AND DRUGGIST.

Has just received, and offers for sale at his wholesale and retail Druggist Store on Fairfax-street, opposite Mr. Bry-an's, a general assortment of Medicines, Patent Medicines, Surgical Instruments, &c. among which are as follows:

Powdered Jalap, Prepared Calomel, Refined G. Camphor, Spanish Flies, Aqua Fortis, Oil of Vitriol, Gum Opium, Colombo Root, Ditto in Powder, Sugar of Lead, Linna-Leaves, Maana Flake, Ditto in sort, Rhubarb Root, Ditto in Powder, Curved Needles, Pulkins, Teeth Forceps, Gum Lances, Spring Dito, Thumb Dito, Cutter's Elastic, Ditto Silver, Windsor Shaving Soap, Mixt. Rose Dito, Palm Dito, Jasmine Dito, Cosmetic Wash Balls, &c. &c. &c.

March 1

Legislary Court of

THE Court of Enquiry of the 1st Legist. of the District of Columbia, will be held by adjournment at my house on Sunday evening next, at 6 o'clock.

JOHN MACLEOD, C. C. E.

JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE BY

Newton Keene,

35 hhds. first quality retailing Molasses
1500 bushels coarse Salt, and
90 bolts Canvas.

ALSO, IN STORE,

60 hhds. brown Sugar
50 barrels ditto
5000 lbs. Coffee
10 chests Imperial & Y. H. Teas
50 boxes Spanish Segars
4 pipes L. P. Tenerife Wine
50 dozen London Brown Stout
A few hampers Double Gloucester Cheese
100 barrels Herrings, and
30 hhds Tobacco.

March 1.

JUST RECEIVED,

And for Sale by the subscriber,

A few boxes fresh Lemons
Sweet Oranges
A few pots excellent West India green
Sweet Meats
Guava Jelly
West India Pickles, in pots
Pepper Vinegar
Spiced Lobsters in kegs
Smoked and pickled Salmon
Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace, Cinnamon, Allspice, Ginger and Pepper.
Impatril, Young Hyson & Hyson Shulow Teas
Olives in jars
Sweet Potatoes
A few boxes excellent Mould Candles
Clover Seed
Raisins, Figs, Walnuts, Filberts, and Almonds
Sherry and Lisbon Wine
Sweet Oil in boxes, and
Sweet Cider in barrels.

Thomas Patten,

March 1.

Public Sale.

Will be sold, on SATURDAY next, the third of March, at 3, p. m. at the cooper shop of the late Joseph Coleman, on Union-street,

A small Frame House and a Stove—also, Flour Barrels, Half Barrels and Kegs.

P. G. Marsteller.

Feb. 28.

FOR SALE,

By William M. Lellan, on board schooner Charles, at Lawason & Fowle's wharf, 9 hhds. and 50 bbls. N. E. Rum.
29 boxes Brown Soap.
6 cords Hemlock Bark.
20 kegs Spiced Lobsters.
6 boxes Brads.

February 28.

RICHARD WOOD,

Ladies' & Gentlemen's Hair-Dresser, HAS commenced business this day, at his shop on Fairfax street, opposite Mrs. Guy Atkinson's. From his experience in business, obtained by an eight years apprenticeship in this town, he flatters himself, that he will be able to please every person whose good wishes for the prosperity of a young man may induce them to employ him.

February 28.

FALL BUTTER.

1,500 weight first quality FISKIN BUTTER, just received and for sale by

Wm. N. Mills,

February 27.

TO RENT.

THE subscriber will rent the house on Fairfax street, Alexandria, now occupied by Mrs. S. Nickolls, for \$300 dollars a year, payable half yearly, and give possession on the 1st of May.

He will rent the property commonly called Jones's Point, the marsh and adjacent hills, or any part of them; or he will sell any part of them, on a credit of one, two and three years.—For his land on Fairfax and Franklin streets, he will take one third of the assessed value. He offers for sale a valuable CHICKEN MILL on Green Creek, in the county of Loudoun, (Va.) which has a dam and a turpentine road leading to Alexandria, and a boat can cross of land adjoining the mill, great part of which is well covered with timber.

March 1.

GRAND LOTTERY, Three Prizes of \$5,000 Dollars each. STATE OF NEW-YORK, Union College Lottery, No. 1. MANAGERS.

William W. Gilbert, Isaac Dennison,
Benjamin Dewitt, AND
George Merchant, Stephen Thorne.
S. C. H. & M. E.

3 Prizes of \$25,000 is \$75,000	
1 10,000	10,000
1 5,000	5,000
4 250 Tickets each, 7,000	7,000
2 2,000	2,000
5 1,000	5,000
30 500	15,000
30 300	9,000
50 100	5,000
100 50	5,000
300 20	6,000
50,500	105,000
10,934 Prizes,	345,000
24,076 Blanks,	
35,000 Tickets, at 7 dollars, is	245,000

Less than 2 1-4 blanks to a prize; subject to a deduction of 15 per cent. Prizes payable 30 days after the conclusion of the drawing.

OF THE ANNEXED PRIZES.

1st drawn No. 10th day of drawing, entitled to \$1,000.	
1st do. 15th do. 250 Tickets from No. 1 to No. 250, inclusive.	
1st do. 30th do. 250 do. from No. 251 to 500, inclusive.	
1st do. 35th do. 550 do. from No. 22,001 to 22,350, inclusive.	
1st do. 30th do. 750 do. from No. 22,351 to 22,500, inclusive.	
1st do. 35th do. Cash, 25,000 dollars.	
1st do. 40th do. 1000	
1st do. 45th do. 25,000	

First 4000 Blanks drawn to be entitled to a Ten Dollar prize each.

The drawing will commence in the City of New York on the third Tuesday in April next, and will continue to draw 600 Tickets each day (except the last day, when there will remain 800 to be drawn) until finished.

Tickets for sale by R. GRAY, Bookseller, King street, Alexandria, where all tickets sold by him may be examined, and information obtained respecting the Lottery during the drawing, free of expence. Prizes in the Baltimore College Lottery will be taken at their full value for Tickets in this Lottery, and the difference paid in cash. Cash will also be advanced for prizes as soon as drawn, at a moderate discount.

Present price of tickets eight dollars.

January 1.

Should the first number, on the 13th day of drawing, be either of the numbers from 1 to 250, inclusive, then, in that case, the next drawn number (not one of those numbers) shall draw, and be entitled to the 250 tickets, with the prizes and blanks that may be drawn to them previous to the 15th day of drawing; and in the like manner with tickets for the 20th, 25th, and 30th days of drawing; so that a person with one ticket may draw One Thousand Tickets! Question—How? Answer—Suppose No. 11,175, is the property of A, the first drawn number on the 13th day of drawing, which will entitle A to the numbers from 1 to 250; and the first drawn number on the 20th day of drawing, may be No. 175, which will entitle him to the numbers from 251 to 500. The first drawn number, on the 25th day, may be No. 375, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,001 to 22,350, inclusive; and the first drawn number, on the 30th day of drawing, may be one of the 750 tickets already drawn, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,350 to 22,500—Yes, sir, and the thousand tickets may draw One Hundred Thousand Dollars!

TO BE RENTED.

For one or more years, THAT valuable property commonly called *John's Point*, now occupied by *JOSEPH BROWN*—Also, the *Market and Hills* adjacent. The terms will be made known by *Dr. Stephen Cooke*, near Leesburgh, Loudoun county.

The subscriber having been informed that *JOSEPH BROWN* has committed various depredations on the point, that he has sold the stone which surrounded it and the soil itself, gives notice to those who have been engaged in this honorable traffic, that a repetition of it will inevitably subject them to the penalties of the law.

John R. Cooke.
December 15. dsk:aw

FOR SALE,
76 Oak and Pine Logs suitable for Wharf building—

On the wharf of James K. K. Esquire. The person who took away TWO LOGS is requested to pay for the same, or suffer further trouble, unto
Solomon Parsons.

TO PARENTS.

The special cases of cures performed by HAMILTON'S CELEBRATED WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES.

(Selected from a very numerous list.) ARE presented as indubitable proof of the excellence and safety of this valuable specific, for destroying worms in the human stomach and intestines.

From Mr. Benjamin Williams, No. 30, Baltimore street, two doors above south Gay street.

I have a son six years of age, who for four years past, has been generally in a very unhealthy state, particularly in summer; frequently afflicted with alarming convulsion fits, the whole of his little frame wasted fast, his breath foetid, and almost constant itching at the nose was excited, with other alarming symptoms. During the course of the above period, the advice and attendance of three of the most eminent physicians in Baltimore were successively procured. Each of these gentlemen, in his turn, declared worms to be the cause of the child's disorder, and exhausted his skill in attempting to expel them. Pink root, steel filings, with a variety of other medicines, were administered without the least success. It was once pronounced impossible for the child to live many hours.

I had heard of your Worm Destroying Lozenges, but with many others did not think highly of so cheap a medicine, until a gentleman of my acquaintance (Mr. Wm. S. Moore, auctioneer) in whose family they had been used with good effect, advised me to make trial of them; I accordingly gave my son a dose agreeable to directions, which soon expelled eight large worms, some of them about eight inches in length; a second dose brought away four more of similar size; a third dose being administered, no worms appeared. The child recovered and now enjoys a good state of health.

BENJAMIN WILLIAMS.

AFFIDAVIT.

Michael Duffy, residing at No. 47, Walker street, Fell's Point, in the city of Baltimore voluntarily maketh oath that the following statement is just and true:

In the beginning of May last, my three children, a boy of seven, and two girls the one five, and the other three years of age were taken very ill, nearly at the same time, of a common fever, as I then supposed; but was soon convinced the disorder was caused by worms. They were frequently troubled with convulsion fits, and violent startings in their sleep, and with almost continual vomiting and purging, particularly the youngest. I made immediate application to a physician of the first reputation, and his medicines were administered with a confidence of success, which only increased our disappointment. The children grew daily worse, and I was absolutely without hopes of their recovery. The youngest soon appeared almost devoid of animation, and scarcely an inhabitant of this world. In this distressing moment I was told that Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges had performed many cures in cases equally desperate. I immediately purchased a box, and gave each of them a dose, which in a few hours produced the most desirable effects. The eldest voided a great number of very large worms, and the second thousands of small ones, many of them not a quarter of an inch—in the youngest they seemed to be consumed, and had the appearance of skin and slimy matter. I repeated the dose agreeable to the paper of directions, and they all speedily recovered a good state of health, which they still enjoy, though 5 months have nearly elapsed, since they were on the borders of the grave, and the death of the whole seemed to be inevitable.

J. SMITH.

Sworn before me, this 26th day of September, 1799.

Philadelphia, August 3 1806.
TO H. LEE.

Some time last spring I was afflicted with loss of appetite, giddiness in the head, fever, and great debility, so that I could scarcely walk. In this distressing situation I took many things, but without benefit. An acquaintance in the country sent me to procure a box of Hamilton's Lozenges. Curiosity prompted me to read the directions, where I found my complaint exactly described by the doctor. I immediately sent for another box of the Lozenges, and took one dose, which brought away a large quantity of worms, and I felt greatly relieved. Encouraged by this, I took another dose, which was attended with the happiest effects, as it delivered me entirely, and am now in a better state of health than for a considerable time. I was, and about the seat—convulsions, epileptic fits, and sometimes a privation of speech—irregular appetite, sometimes losing food and sometimes voracious—purging with slimy and fetid stools—vomiting—large and hard belly—pains and sickness at the stomach—pains in the head and thighs, with loss of spirits—slow fever, with small and irregular pulse—a dry cough—excessive thirst—sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and swelled.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms, should have immediate recourse to Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges, which have been constantly attended with success in all complaints similar to those above described.

Prevention better than Cure.

In cases of head ache, foul stomach, and for removing superfluous bile, perhaps no remedy has been discovered superior to LEE'S HAHN'S ANTIBILIOUS PILLS. Which for 10 years past have been attended with the greatest success. The testimony of many respectable persons in our southern sea ports has been adduced who have reason to believe that a timely use of this salutary remedy during the prevalence of malignant fevers, has preserved their health after experiencing alarming symptoms of fever.

Certificate of Wm. Devenny.

During the last nine years I have been in the habit of using Hahn's Antibilious Pills, prepared by the late Mr. Lee, whenever colds, head ache, or costiveness have rendered medicine necessary; in these cases a single dose has uniformly removed my head ache, and has generally been found sufficient to remove every symptom of a cold, if taken on its first appearance. Induced by the benefit I have received, I have for years past recommended them to many of my friends, and I have the pleasure to inform you, they have invariably succeeded in removing the above complaints.

Yours, WM. DEVENNY.

ITCH CURED.

Lee's Sovereign Ointment for the Itch, a certain cure by once using; Hamilton's Lozenges; Hamilton's Elixir, for Coughs; the celebrated Antibilious Pills; Hamilton's Essence of Mustard, for the Rheumatism; Tooth-Ache Drops; Hamilton's Grand Restorative for Debility.

TAKE NOTICE.—That imitations of the above medicines are for sale in this town—therefore please to apply only to *Jas. Kennedy*, sen. Bookseller, King-street, Alexandria, who has long been sole agent for the sale of the genuine preparations. As a further security against imposition, each genuine article has on its outside wrapper, the signature of *Hannah Lee*, of *Widowthelate Proprietor*

July 31.

To be Rented for a term of years

THAT valuable tract of Land, called *Prescon*, situate on the Washington and Alexandria turnpike road, at the junction of four mile creek and Potomac river, and distant two miles from Alexandria, three from Washington and five from George Town.—There are upon the premises a two story dwelling house, containing six rooms and a passage, with a kitchen, carriage house, stables, &c. a large, handsome and highly manured garden, of at least ten acres, in a high state of cultivation, and lately laid off by an experienced gardener, an orchard containing several hundred pear, plum, cherry and damson trees, with English walnut, quince and mulberry trees, and also upwards of six hundred apple trees, and two or three hundred peach trees, selected with care from the best nurseries, and all in full bearing. The annual average product of the apple orchard alone is estimated at 400 barrels. This tract contains about 100 acres of land, a considerable part whereof has been manured and sown with clover seed. The shores afford fish and wild fowl, and one or two good fishing landings. The situation is healthy, elevated and pleasant, in full view of three towns, and is well calculated for a place of public entertainment. Immediate possession may be had and the terms will be made known upon application to

Frances Alexander.

January 23. eotf

Marine Insurance Company of Alexandria.

INSURANCE OFFICE Jan. 3, 1810. THE stockholders in this institution are hereby notified that the directors have this day declared a dividend of eight per cent on that part of the capital stock now paid, for the last six months—which will be ready to be paid to the stockholders or their legal representatives in ten days from this date.

By order, J. B. Nickolls, Sec'y.

January 4. eo

505 Acres of Land for Sale.

I WISH TO SELL the above quantity of LAND, situated near the road leading from Georgetown to Alexandria, and about an equal distance from each town.

This property is fully one half covered with wood, which will render it an advisable purchase, on the terms that I will sell it.

George H. Terrett, Esq. will shew the land to any gentleman who shes to see it, and will give the necessary information.

George H. Chapman.

December 14.

Orphans' Court.

Alexandria County, February Term, 1810. ORDERED, That the administrators of *Jas. Bacon*, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times in each week, for four weeks in the Alexandria Daily Gazette. Tests. ALEX. MOORE, Reg.

This is to give Notice.

That the subscribers of Alexandria county in the District of Columbia have obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county letters of administration on the personal estate of *James Bacon*, late of the county aforesaid merchant, deceased:—All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, on or before the 31st day of August next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate; and those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment.

Given under our hands, this 21st day of February, 1810.

Elizabeth Bacon, Adm'x.
Matthew Robinson, her att'y.
William Fowle, administrator.

Valuable Property for Sale.

IN pursuance of a deed executed to the subscribers on the 11th day of August, 1808, by the late *Robert T. Hoot*, Esq. in trust for certain purposes thereby expressed, they will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Coffee-House, in the town of Alexandria, on the first Monday in March next, the following valuable Property, viz.

One Lot of Ground in the said town of Alexandria, lying eastward of Union and between Duke and Wolfe streets, with a Wharf extended from the same into the river: This lot fronts feet on the tomac.

One other Lot, situated on Water street, between Prince and Duke streets, and fronting about 37 feet on Water-street. This lot is handsomely enclosed, and there is a very productive garden upon it.

The undivided Moiety of the following Property, all situated in the said town of Alexandria, to wit—

One Moiety of the Property on which the said *R. T. Hoot* lately resided situated at the corner of Prince and Water streets, and fronting feet or thereabouts on Water, and feet on Prince streets. On this property there are extensive Brick Buildings, forming a large and well finished Dwelling House & three Stores, with all necessary out houses, a pump in the yard and an excellent garden.

A L S O.

The undivided Moiety of a House and Lot situated at the corner of Water and Duke streets, fronting feet on Water, and feet on Duke. This property is subject to an annual ground rent forever of sixty one and a half dollars.

The whole of the above property except the last is free of encumbrance, and will be shown at any time to such as desire to be informed about it. The sale will be made on a credit of 6, 12 and 18 months for approved indorsed notes, negotiable at the bank of Alexandria.

Charles Simms,
Thomas Swann,
R. Harrison.

Nov. 30. eotf

Orphans' Court.

Alexandria County, Feb. Term, 1810. ORDERED, That the executor of *Joseph Coleman*, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times in each week for 4 weeks, in the Alexandria Daily Gazette. Tests. ALEX. MOORE, Reg.

This is to give Notice.

That the subscriber, of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, has obtained from the orphans' court of said county letters testamentary on the estate of *Joseph Coleman*, late of Alexandria, deceased:—All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the 14th day of August next; or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate—And those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand, this 16th day of February, 1810.

Joseph Dean, Ex'r.

February 15. eotw

FOR RENT.

A HANDSOME LOT OF GROUND, adjoining the Spring Garden, containing 3 acres. There is on the lot a snug Frame House, suitable for a small family, and a number of the best kind of fruit trees. The whole will be let on advantageous terms to a good tenant. Apply to

Charles M. Knight.

Who has a number of building lots, situated in different parts of the town, which he will sell low for cash, or lease on ground rent forever.

February 15.